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WHEAT CROP OF THE UNITED STATES.

The wheat crop of 1859 has generally been harvested throughout the country, and sufficient is known to make a careful estimate of this important staple, interesting for present consideration and important for future reference. This has been done by the New York *Courier*. Compared with 1858, the estimate is as follows:

State.	1858—Bush.	1859—Bush.
New York	20,000,000	22,000,000
Pennsylvania	20,000,000	25,000,000
Virginia and N. Carolina	18,500,000	20,000,000
Kentucky	18,500,000	11,000,000
Ohio	22,000,000	26,000,000
Indiana	13,000,000	17,000,000
Illinois	14,500,000	20,000,000
Other States	42,000,000	60,000,000
 Total	158,500,000	201,000,000

The production in the Western States, which have the largest surplus for export, is shown by the following figures:

State.	1858—Bush.	1859—Bush.
Kentucky	8,500,000	11,000,000
Ohio	22,000,000	26,000,000
Indiana	13,000,000	17,000,000
Illinois	14,500,000	20,000,000
 Total	58,000,000	74,000,000

The surplus for the present year in these States may be estimated as follows:

	Bush.
Crop 1859	74,000,000
Consumption 5 bush per head	36,000,000

Surplus crop 1859.....38,000,000

It is estimated that in addition to this, from one-sixth to one-fifth of the surplus crop of 1858 is yet in the hands of the producers. We therefore have in the States, estimating last year's surplus crop of the West at twenty-four millions of bushels, as the gross:

	Bush.
Surplus crop of 1859	38,000,000
Sixteen $\frac{1}{5}$ per cent on 1858	4,000,000

Total for export.....42,000,000

The total transportation of this at forty cents per bushel will give nearly seventeen millions of dollars to our canals and railroads.

ENGLISH COPPER MINES.

From *Gryll's Annual Mining Sheet*, we condense the following interesting statistics of the

Copper Mines of Cornwall, for the year ending June 30th, 1859:

About 120 mines in Cornwall sent copper to the "ticketing," or sales, during the year, making a total of 183,944 gross tons, of 21 cwt. each. The mine sending the largest quantity was the "Devon Great Consols," which turned out 23,748 gross tons; the "United Mines" turned out 9,815 tons; "West Basset" 7,036 tons, and "West Seton" 6,205. Five other mines exceeded 5,000 tons each, three over 4,000 tons each, six over 3,000 tons each, seven over 2,000 tons each, twenty-one over 1,000 tons each, and the balance ranging from 120 to 900 tons each.

The highest average price for ore sold during the year was that of the "Grambler and St. Aubyn" mine, £17 2s. The total amount received for the ore sold was £1,079,075 17s., or over five and a quarter million dollars. The average price of the ore sold was £5 17s. 6d. The ore produced 11,888 tons fine copper, the average standing price of which was £133 6s. The average produce of the ore was 6 $\frac{3}{4}$ per cent. of fine copper.

We give below a table of the copper ores raised and sold in Cornwall during the past twenty years, showing the number of gross tons sold, the total amounts for which it sold, the per centage of fine copper produced, and the average value of the standard copper:

Date.	Ore (21 cwts.)	Money.	Produce.	Standard.
		£	£	s.
1840	147,266	792,753	7 $\frac{1}{2}$	108 10
1841	135,090	819,900	7 $\frac{3}{4}$	119 6
1842	135,581	822,876	7 $\frac{1}{2}$	120 16
1843	144,806	804,445	7 $\frac{1}{2}$	110 1
1844	152,667	815,346	7 $\frac{3}{4}$	109 17
1845	157,000	835,350	7 $\frac{1}{2}$	103 10
1846	158,913	886,785	7 $\frac{1}{2}$	106 8
1847	148,674	830,739	8	103 12
1848	155,616	825,080	8 $\frac{1}{4}$	97 7
1849	144,983	716,917	8 $\frac{1}{4}$	92 11
1850	150,890	814,037	7 $\frac{3}{4}$	103 19
1851	154,299	808,244	7 $\frac{5}{8}$	101 0
1852	152,802	828,057	7 $\frac{5}{8}$	106 12
1853	150,095	1,124,561	6 $\frac{5}{8}$	136 16
1854	180,687	1,153,756	6 $\frac{5}{8}$	140 2
1855	188,969	1,212,686	6 $\frac{1}{2}$	141 10
1856	209,305	1,233,639	6 $\frac{5}{8}$	140 0
1857	193,697	1,276,844	6 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 6
1858	183,297	1,083,728	6 $\frac{5}{8}$	135 1
1859	183,944	1,079,075	6 $\frac{5}{8}$	133 6